## ADVANCED ultrasonic sensors with 2 switching outputs


$300 . .33000 \mathrm{~mm}$


- Function largely independent of surface properties, ideal for detection of liquids, bulk materials, transparent media, ...
- Small design at long scanning range
- Temperature-compensated scanning range
- 2 independent PNP switching outputs
- NEW - Both outputs can easily be taught using a button
- NEW - Stable, all-metal design
- NEW - Process data and configuration via IO-Link interface
- NEW - Five operating modes: scanning, synchronous, multiplex, activation and throughbeam operation



## Accessories:

(available separately)

- Mounting systems
- Cables with M12 connector (K-D ...)
- Teach adapter PA1/XTSX-M12 (Part no. 50124709)
- USB IO-Link master 2.0 (Part no. 50121098)

Dimensioned drawing


A Control button 2
B Control button 1
C Indicator diodes
D Active sensor surface

## Electrical connection



Factory setting for pin 2 multi funct: teach input

## Specifications

Ultrasonic specifications
Scanning range 1)
Adjustment range
Ultrasonic frequency
Typ. opening angle
Resolution switching output
Direction of beam
Accuracy
Reproducibility
Switching hysteresis
Temperature drift

## Sensor operating modes

IO-Link
SIO

## Timing

Switching frequency
Response time
Delay before start-up

## Electrical data

Operating voltage $U_{B}{ }^{3}$ )
Residual ripple
Open-circuit current
Switching output
Function (PNP)
Output current
Switching range adjustment
Changeover NO/NC

## Indicators

Yellow LED
Yellow LED, flashing
Green LED
Green LED flashing

## Mechanical data

## Housing Weight

Ultrasonic transducer
Connection type
Fitting position

## Environmental data

Ambient temp. (operation/storage)
Protective circuit 5)
VDE safety class
Degree of protection
Standards applied
Certifications

HTU430B-3000.X3/...
300 ... $3000 \mathrm{~mm}{ }^{2)}$
$300 \ldots 3000 \mathrm{~mm}$
120 kHz
$15^{\circ}$
1 mm
axial
$\pm 0.5 \%$ of end value ${ }^{1)}$
$\pm 0.15 \%$ of end value ${ }^{1)}$
25 mm
$\pm 1.5 \%$ of end value ${ }^{1)}$

COM2 (38.4kBaud)
is supported
4 Hz
125 ms
$<300 \mathrm{~ms}$

SIO mode: $15 \ldots 30 \mathrm{~V}$ DC (incl. $\pm 10 \%$ residual ripple), COM2 mode: $18 \ldots$ 30V DC (incl. $\pm 10 \%$ residual ripple) $\pm 10 \%$ of $U_{B}$
$\leq 50 \mathrm{~mA}$
OUT1: $1 \times$ PNP transistor, IO-Link SIO mode
OUT2: $1 \times$ PNP transistor, configurable
$2 \times$ NO contact, reversible
SIO mode: max. 150 mA per contact,
COM2 mode: max. 100mA per contact
OUT1: control button 1 or teach input
OUT2: control button 2 or teach input
OUT1: control button 1 or teach input
OUT2: control button 2 or teach input
OUT1: object detected
teach-in / teaching error / cable short circuit
object within the scanning range
IO-Link communication
all metal - brass, nickel-plated
110 g
piezoceramic 4)
M12 connector, 5-pin
any
$-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
1, 2, 3
IIII
IP 67 and IP 68
EN 60947-5-2
UL 508, C22.2 No.14-13 3) 6) 7)

1) At $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
2) Target: $100 \mathrm{~mm} \times 100 \mathrm{~mm}$ plate
3) For UL applications: for use in class 2 circuits according to NEC only
4) The ceramic material of the ultrasonic transducer contains lead zirconium titanate (PZT)
5) $1=$ short-circuit and overload protection, $2=$ polarity reversal protection, $3=$ wire break and inductive protection
6) These proximity switches shall be used with UL Listed Cable assemblies rated 30V, 0.5A min, in the field installation, or equivalent (categories: CYJV/CYJV7 or PVVA/PVVA7);
Use tool for buttons
7) Ambient temperature $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Use same voltage supply for all circuits.

## Diagrams

HTU430B-3000...-M12
Typ. response behavior (plate $100 \times 100 \mathrm{~mm}$ )


Typ. response behavior (rod $\emptyset 27 \mathrm{~mm}$ )


Target (fixed):


## Remarks

## Operate in accordance with

 intended use!$\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{7}$ This product is not a safety sensor and is not intended as personnel protection.
$\stackrel{4}{4}$ The product may only be put into operation by competent persons.
${ }^{\Perp}$ Only use the product in accordance with the intended use.

## HTU430B

ADVANCED ultrasonic sensors with 2 switching outputs

## Part number code

## Operating principle

| HTU | Ultrasonic sensor, scanning principle, with background suppression |
| :--- | :--- |
| DMU | Ultrasonic sensor, distance measurement |

$\square$

| Series |
| :--- |
| 430B $\quad 430 B$ Series, cylindrical M30 construction |

## Scanning range in mm

$3000 \quad 300$... 3000

Equipment (optional)

| $\mathbf{X}$ | "Advanced" design |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | Teach button on the sensor |

Pin assignment of connector pin 4 / black cable wire (OUT1)
$4 \quad$ PNP output, NO contact preset
P PNP output, NC contact preset
L IO-Link communication or push-pull (SIO)
Pin assignment of connector pin 2 / white cable wire (Teach-IN)
$\mathbf{T} \quad$ Teach input
Pin assignment of connector pin 5 / gray cable wire (OUT2)

| $\mathbf{4}$ | PNP output, NO contact preset |
| :--- | :--- |
| P | PNP output, NC contact preset |
| V | Analog voltage output $0 \ldots 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| C | Analog current output $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| X | Connection not assigned (n. c.- not connected) |

Connection technology
M12 M12 connector, 5-pin

## Order guide

The sensors listed here are preferred types; current information at www.leuze.com.

|  | Designation | Part no. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Scanning range |  |  |
| $300 \ldots 3000 \mathrm{~mm}$ | HTU430B-3000.X3/LT4-M12 | 50124273 |

HTU430B

## Device functions and indicators

The sensor has two buttons for adjusting output OUT1 and output OUT2. Alternatively, all adjustments can also be made via IO-Link. The multi funct teach input can be used to perform the 1-point teach and the changeover of the switching function (NO contact/NC contact).

## Switching behavior



Notice!
The switching behavior is not defined in the dead zone.

Switching behavior with 2-point window-teach as a function of the switching function

| Switching function <br> configured as | First taught object <br> distance | Second taught object <br> distance | Output switching behavior |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NO contact <br> NC contact | Far | Close |  |
|  | Far |  |  |

## Notice!

In measurement operation, the yellow and green LED only indicate the behavior of output OUT1.
The behavior of output OUT2 is not indicated.
The 2-point window-teach can be configured either with the control buttons or via the IO-Link interface. Adjustment via the teach input is not possible.

## HTU430B

## ADVANCED ultrasonic sensors with 2 switching outputs

## Adjustment of the switching points (Teach) using the control buttons

The two switching points of the sensor are both set to 3000 mm (static 1-point teach) on delivery.
By means of a simple operating procedure, the switching points for each output can be individually taught to an arbitrary distance within the scanning range with 1-point teach (static) or 2-point window-teach (static).
Moreover, the output function can be switched from NO contact (NO - normally open) to NC contact (NC - normally closed). For the adjustment, an individual control button is permanently assigned to each output (see dimensioned drawing).

| 1-point teach (static) | 2-point window-teach (static) ${ }^{\text {1) }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1. Place object at desired switching distance. | 1. First, place object at desired switching distance for switching point 1. |
| 2. To adjust output OUT1, press button 1, to adjust output OUT2, press button 2 for $2 \ldots 7 \mathrm{~s}$ until the yellow LED flashes at 3 Hz . | 2. To adjust output OUT1, press button 1, to adjust output OUT2, press button 2 for $\mathbf{7} \ldots \mathbf{1 2}$ s until the yellow and green LED flash alternately at 3 Hz . |
| 3. Release the button at the end of the teach event. The current object distance has been taught as the new switching point. | 3. Release button. The sensor remains in teach mode and the LEDs continue to flash. |
| 4. Error-free teach: LED states and switching behavior according to the diagram shown above. <br> Faulty teach (object may be too close or too far away - please note scanning range): <br> yellow LED flashes at 5 Hz until an error-free teach event is performed. The affected output is inactive as long as there is a teach error. | 4. Then, place the object at the desired switching distance for switching point 2. <br> Notice: The minimum distance between the switching points for a scanning range of 3000 mm is: $\quad 250 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | 5. Briefly press the button again at the end of the teach event. The switching window has been taught. |
|  | 6. Error-free teach: LED states and switching behavior according to the diagram shown above. <br> Faulty teach (object may be too close or too far away - please note scanning range): <br> green and yellow LED flash at 8 Hz until an error-free teach event is performed. |

1) See table "Switching behavior with 2-point window-teach as a function of the switching function"


Notice!
All operating functions are identical for outputs OUT1 and OUT2.

## Adjustment of the switching function (NO/NC) using the control buttons

The control buttons can be used to switch the output function from NO contact to NC contact (or vice versa). To do this, proceed as follows:

| Action / Description | Control button | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Indicator diode } \\ \text { GREEN }\end{array}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Changeover of the switching function: } \\ \text { Switching outputs OUT1 and OUT2 are set as NO contact ex works. If } \\ \text { the switching function is changed, the corresponding switching output } \\ \text { is changed to the opposite state (toggled). }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Press the button for the desired }\end{array}$ |  |  |
| switching output for longer than 12s. |  |  |  | \(\left.\begin{array}{c}Both LEDs flash alternately for a short <br>

time at 3Hz. <br>

If the yellow LED is then ON,\end{array}\right\}\)| the output functions as an N0 contact. |
| :--- |
| If the yellow LED is then OFF, |
| the output functions as an NC contact. |



[^0]
## Adjusting the switching points (teach) via the teach input

The switching points of the sensor outputs OUT1/OUT2 are set to 3000 mm on delivery.
By means of a simple teach event, the two switching points can be individually taught to an arbitrary distance within the scanning range. The Leuze PA1/XTSX-M12 teach adapter can be used for this purpose. The adapter can also be used to easily switch the output function from NO contact to NC contact.

| 1-point teach of output OUT1 | 1-point teach of output OUT2 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1. Place object at desired switching distance. | 1. Place object at desired switching distance. |
| 2. For the adjustment of output OUT1, connect input Teach-IN to GND for 2... 7s (Leuze teach adapter: position "Teach-GND"). <br> The current state of output OUT1 is frozen during the teach event. | 2. For the adjustment of output OUT2, connect input Teach-IN to GND for 7 ... 12s (Leuze teach adapter: position "Teach-GND"). <br> The current state of output OUT2 is frozen during the teach event. |
| 3. The yellow LED flashes at 3 Hz and then remains on. <br> The current object distance has been taught as the new switching point. | 3. The yellow LED flashes at 3 Hz . <br> The current object distance has been taught as the new switching point. |
| 4. Error-free teach: switching behavior according to the diagram shown above. <br> Faulty teach (object may be too close or too far away - please note scanning range): <br> yellow LED flashes at 5 Hz until an error-free teach event is performed. The output OUT1 is inactive as long as there is a teach error. | 4. Error-free teach: switching behavior according to the diagram shown above. <br> Faulty teach (object may be too close or too far away - please note scanning range): <br> yellow LED flashes at 5 Hz until an error-free teach event is performed. The output OUT2 is inactive as long as there is a teach error. |


#### Abstract

Notice! Please note that the switching point is taught when GND is connected and the output function is reversed when $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{B}}$ is connected. If no sensor action is desired, pin $\mathbf{2}$ must remain unconnected!

The 2-point window-teach can be configured either with the control buttons or via the IO-Link interface. Adjustment via the teach input is not possible.


## Adjusting the switching function (NC/NO) via the teach input

The switching function of both sensor outputs is set to normally open (NO) on delivery.
If the switching function is changed, the switching output is changed to the opposite state (toggled).

## Changeover of the switching function of output OUT1

1. To change the switching function, connect input Teach-IN to $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{B}}$ for
$2 \ldots \mathbf{7 s}$ (Leuze teach adapter: position "Teach-U $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{B}}$ ").
The current state of output OUT1 remains frozen while the adjustment is performed.
2. The green and yellow LED flash alternately at 2 Hz .

The switching function has been reversed.
The switching behavior corresponds to the diagram shown above.

## Changeover of the switching function of output OUT2

1. To change the switching function, connect input Teach-IN to $\mathbf{U}_{\mathbf{B}}$ for

7 ... 12s (Leuze teach adapter: position "Teach-U $\mathrm{U}_{B}$ ").
The current state of output OUT2 remains frozen while the adjustment is performed.
2. The green and yellow LED flash alternately at 5 Hz .

The switching function has been reversed.
The switching behavior corresponds to the diagram shown above.

## HTU430B

## ADVANCED ultrasonic sensors with 2 switching outputs

## IO-Link interface

The ultrasonic sensor features an IO-Link interface acc. to specification V1.1. and satisfies the Smart Sensor Profile.
As a result, the sensor can easily, quickly and, thus, economically be configured and diagnostic information read out. With a small amount of effort, the sensor can also be integrated in a control.

Overview of the configuration options via IO-Link

| Function block | Function | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating mode | Standard operation | The sensor operates as a scanner with background suppression. |
|  | Multiplex operation | A max. of 10 sensors -1 master and 9 slaves - can be wired together in a network. To do this, the sensors must be electrically connected with one line. The master generates a timing signal and all networked sensors are activated with time-delay. |
|  | Synchronous operation | A max. of 10 sensors -1 master and 9 slaves - can be wired together in a network. To do this, the sensors must be electrically connected with one line. The master generates a timing signal and all networked sensors are activated simultaneously. |
|  | Activation operation | The sensor can be activated through an external signal. |
|  | Operation as throughbeam sensor | The sensor can either be configured as a scanner or as a throughbeam sensor. Operation as a throughbeam sensor requires 2 sensors, which are electrically connected through one line. |
| Switching outputs OUT1 / OUT2 | Switching point 1/2 | The switching points can be directly entered as distance value in mm. |
|  | Switching output (0UT1/OUT2) | Adjustment as PNP or NPN switching output |
|  | Switching function | Adjustment as NC / NO contact. |
|  | Switching behavior in the case of error | The switching behavior of output OUT1 of the sensor, for objects which are located outside of the scanning range, can be adjusted. |
|  | 2-point behavior | If a switching output is to operate with 2 switching points, a choice can be made between 2-point window-teach (factory setting) or 2-point teach (e.g. for simple pump controls with minimum and maximum fill levels). |
|  | Teach switching output OUT1 | The switching output OUT1 can be taught via the I0-Link interface. |
|  | Teach lock | Adjustment for locking of control buttons |
| Temperature | Temperature compensation | Adjustment option for internal (sensor works with the integrated temperature sensor) or external (with a constant application temperature, this can be manually entered. The sensor then compensates the measured values at a fixed rate with this temperature). |
|  | Unit | Adjustment option to ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. |
|  | Temperature value | Entry temperature value in ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ (if external temperature compensation is desired). |

In addition to the configuration functions, a range of sensor information, such as sensor status, sensor diagnostics as well as the process data, can be called up.
Further information and the device-specific description of the IO-Link interface (IODD) can be found on the Internet at www.leuze.com in the Downloads area of the respective sensor.


[^0]:    Notice!
    For 2-point window-teach, the switching behavior is dependent on the selected object distances for switching points 1 and 2. See previous page!

